

Section A: Revenue Budget Monitor

	Revised Budget	Forecast Outturn	Outturn Variance	Of which: Covid-19	Non-Covid
P08	£55.9m	£64.6m	£8.7m overspend	£10.0m	£(1.3m)
P07	£55.8m	£64.3m	£8.6m overspend	£9.8m	£(1.2m)

May	Jun/Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb
9.1	10.6	10.1	8.5	8.6	8.7			
	▼	▲	▲	▼	▼			

Position by Division

SERVICE NET EXPENDITURE SUMMARY	2021/22 - Full Year				Variance Analysis				
	Approved Budget	Revised Budget	Forecast Outturn	Outturn Variance	COVID-19 Exp	COVID-19 Inc	Gross COVID Impact	Covid Service Grants/Income	Non-COVID
	£000s			£000s	£000s				
4 - Growth & Regeneration									
37 - Housing & Landlord Services	14,896	14,802	15,628	827	2,303	0	2,303		(1,476)
42 - Development of Place	1,591	1,530	1,456	(74)	0	0	0		(74)
46 - Economy of Place	12,519	12,900	14,403	1,504	131	1,165	1,296		208
47 - Management of Place	33,049	33,743	40,349	6,606	412	6,037	6,449		157
49 - Property and Asset Strategy	(7,122)	(7,122)	(7,242)	(120)	0	0	0		(120)
Total 4 - Growth & Regeneration	54,933	55,852	64,594	8,742	2,846	7,202	10,048	0	(1,306)

The Growth & Regeneration Directorate reported an **£8.7m** overspend against the revised net expenditure budget of **£55.9m** in P08. The overspend results from a combination of the impact of the Covid lockdown which is still having a significant impact on several of the directorate's fee generating services; the additional pressure of providing support for homelessness during the pandemic; as well as additional enforcement costs as well as cleaning & materials resulting from extra measures introduced to keep people safe and dealing with associated issues.

Key Messages:

Housing & Landlord Services

The Division is forecasting an overspend of **£0.827m** against a revised budget of **£14.8m**. This is a reduction of **£0.158m** against the previously reported overspend of **£0.984m** at P07. The reason for change is due to favourable variance in residual grant of £0.223m which was offset by £0.060m increase cost in B&B placements.

The main reasons for the expenditure pressures are:

- **131 Housing Options** – Forecast overspend of **£0.860m**. Housing Benefits subsidy loss is continuing to increase a forecasted overspend of **£2.8m** at Period 8. This is offset by £1.8m a one-off mitigation (as below) reducing overspend to £1m.

1. **£1.1m** is one off payment from Public Health to accommodate additional vulnerable households by ensuring that COVID safe accommodation is provided.
2. **£0.49m** from the drawdown of the New Burden Reserve and re-purposing of Residual Grant funding.
3. **£0.22m** from COVID grant covering subsidy loss.

The main reason for overspending is due to the impact of the pandemic which has seen an increase in Temporary Accommodation. The measures to reduce this overspend are currently being considered i.e. Increasing block purchases and changes in the type of accommodation provided. In addition to this as subsidy loss increases HB and income on services charges rises and overall housing options pressure will be maintained at £2.3m in 22/23.

There is also favourable variance in residual grant funding of £0.223m which is offset by £0.060m increase cost in B&B placements.

- **132 GF - Private Housing & Accessible Homes – (£0.033m)**
The underspend reduced by £0.012m compared with previously reported in period 7. This is mainly due to increase in cost related to Travellers - Kingsweston Lane and Encampments.
- **135 Housing Solutions – Forecast to budget.**
There is no change to forecast compared with previously reported at P07.

Development of Place

The division is forecasting a **£0.1m** underspend. Mainly due to additional income.

Economy of Place

The division is forecasting a **£1.5m** (£0.24m negative movement against last month) overspend against a revised budget of **£12.908m**. The total Covid-19 related budget pressure is £1.296m, and £0.2m non-covid overspend. The main reasons for the £1.5m overspend are:

- **Culture Services** - Most of this is attributable to an estimated shortfall in income across a range of services due to the pandemic £1.1m, as well as Covid related expenditure.
- **Strategic City Transport** – One-off costs from settlement payment £0.6m.
- **Various** - Other smaller Covid-19 pressures within the division largely mitigated by underspends elsewhere.

Management of Place

The division is forecasting a **£6.6m** overspend against a revised budget of **£33.735m**. The main reasons for the variance are projected shortfall in income across a few services due to the impact of Covid-19:

- The Pandemic as well as the gradual re-opening of society is still being felt in the Councils Car Parks and resident parking schemes. Occupancy has reduced significantly during the pandemic. And Income is forecast to range from between 60-85% between now and the end of the financial year. Estimated in-year loss is **£5.4m**. It should be noted that there are other parking operations (including bus lane enforcement) that are tracking ahead of target.
- Licensing Income is also reporting a significant Covid-19 related income shortfall for both Licensing and Pest control totalling **£0.7m**.
- Various additional costs are being incurred due to Covid-19 (Waste, enforcement, cleaning & materials, additional staff) related to covid-19 restrictions and these represent an additional pressure of **£0.3m**.

- The non-covid related activities also reported a significant net movement of £0.2m, which is due to additional energy costs (£2.4m) from street lighting and corporate buildings due to the increase costs of extending current contracts by an additional 3 months (note that a recent approval of a further extension which will be going to Cabinet in January 2022 will see a further £0.4m added to the forecast overspend in P9). These additional costs have been significantly offset by additional bus lane enforcement income and other non-covid impacted parking revenue, as well as other smaller favourable movements during the month.

Property & Asset Strategy Management – The division is forecasting a **£0.1m** underspend. Mainly due to additional income.

Savings Delivery

21/22 G&R Directorate Savings Target (£'000s):							2,135		
	This month			Last month			Top 5 largest savings at risk in year (ordered by size of saving at risk)		
	Total value of savings (£'000s)	Value at risk (£'000s)	Proportion at risk	Total value of savings (£'000s)	Value at risk (£'000s)	Proportion at risk	ID	Name of Proposal	Value at Risk in 21/22 (£'000)
No - savings are at risk	825	615	75%	825	615	75%	FP36-E2	MITIGATION/ROLLOVER For "Identify alternative funding to continue to support people in Council Housing".	£ 210
Yes - savings are safe	1,252	0	0%	1,252	0	0%	FP01-7b	Alternative to expensive nightly accommodation	£ 190
SAVING CLOSED - CONFIRMED AS SECURED & DELIVERED	58	0	0%	58	0	0%	IN27b	Generating and saving money through energy generation and efficiency	£ 180
NO RAG PROVIDED	0	0	n/a	0	0	n/a	IN25_continued	Increase income generation and efficiency across culture services	£ 35
Grand Total	2,135	615	29%	2,135	615	29%			
n/a - represents one off savings or mitigations in previous year	-1,652	0	0%	-1,652	0	0%	Mitigated savings from previous years' that remain 'due' for delivery this year (£m)		
WRITTEN OFF	1,195	0	0%	1,195	0	0%	Amount due from previous year(s): £ 0.78		
Grand Total	1,678	615	37%	1,678	615	37%	Amount reported at risk: £ 0.58		

Key Changes since last month
There have been no changes to the 21/22 savings position for the G&R Directorate in P8

Key messages/ Comments

- Of the £2.1m target, £0.8m is continuing to report as 'RED', with **£0.6m of that stated as at risk**. All 4 of the savings at risk relate to rollover/legacy items.
- Of the legacy savings at risk, a large proportion of these have been endorsed by G&R EDM (22/09/21) to be put forward for corporate consideration to **write off**, given these are deemed not deliverable. This was flagged at Delivery Executive 13/10, which confirmed that these are still under consideration as part of wider budget setting plans (which remains underway).
- There are two other savings (worth >£0.2m total) that are continuing to progressing through the 'secured and delivered' process, but yet to achieve full sign offs (RS02 operations centre vacancy reduction, and RS11 reduce funding to key arts providers).
- In addition to in year mitigations needed for savings at risk above, note that G&R is also due to find an additional £240k contribution to the Common Activities in-year target, and likely to also have some contribution to wider thematic savings such as Third Party Spend. G&R have confirmed this can be met but a detailed plan remains outstanding.

Section B: Risks and Opportunities

GROWTH & REGENERATION DIRECTORATE RISKS & OPPORTUNITIES

Division Name	Risk / Opportunity	Description	NET Risk / Op £'000
Management of Place	Risk	Income shortfall	250
Management of Place	Risk	Energy grant pressure	30
Management of Place	Risk	Energy Service Staff & Overheads	14
Growth & Regeneration	Gross Risk		294
Management of Place	Opportunity	Potential non-cv19 underspends in MOP Highways	?
Growth & Regeneration	Gross Opportunity		0
			294

The net risks and opportunities flagged by service managers total **£0.3m, down £0.15m** from last month. The Directorate is engaging in continuous reviews with an aim to identifying mitigating options that can help

address the remaining risks. A significant number of pressures are now being mitigated from within the various divisions and have been reported in the narrative in section A above.

Section C: Capital

Approved Budget £191.8m	Revised Budget £151.9m	Expenditure to Date £55.1m 36% of Budget	Forecast Outturn £122m 80% of Budget	Outturn Variance (£29.9m)
2020/21 £163.3m	Comparator £105.3m	£35.2m	£98.7m	(£6.6m)

Programme Expenditure / Funding

Scheme / Project	Current Year (FY2021) - Period 8				Performance to Budget	
	Budget	Expenditure to Date	Forecast	Variance	Expenditure to date	Forecast

£000s

%

Growth & Regeneration

CRF3	Covid Recovery Fund – Economic Infrastructure	850	0	170	(680)	0%	20%
GR01	Strategic Property – Temple Meads Development	5,777	793	3,806	(1,972)	14%	66%
GR03	Economy Development - ASEA 2 Flood Defences	3,634	178	3,634	0	5%	100%
GR05	Strategic Property - Hawkfield Site	2,000	328	1,000	(1,000)	16%	50%
GR05A	South Bristol Light Industrial Workspace Redevelopment	(127)	53	(127)	(0)	-42%	100%
GR07	Areas for Growth & Regeneration - Pending Business Case Development	0	0	0	0		
GR08	Delivery of Regeneration of Bedminster Green	982	243	695	(287)	25%	71%
GR09	Clean Air Zone Programme	11,600	422	2,525	(9,075)	4%	22%
NH01	Libraries for the Future	152	28	152	0	18%	100%
NH02	Investment in parks and green spaces	2,156	780	1,436	(719)	36%	67%
NH03	Cemeteries & Crematoria - Pending Business Case Development	672	67	417	(255)	10%	62%
NH04	Third Household Waste Recycling and Re-use Centre	4,782	1,611	3,782	(1,000)	34%	79%
NH06A	Bristol Operations Centre - Phase 2	1,911	1,803	2,036	125	94%	107%
NH07	Private Housing	3,527	1,854	3,527	0	53%	100%
PL01	Metrobus	569	182	911	341	32%	160%
PL02	Passenger Transport	758	162	696	(62)	21%	92%
PL04	Strategic Transport	1,916	1,759	2,788	873	92%	146%
PL05	Sustainable Transport	2,123	877	1,434	(689)	41%	68%
PL06	Portway Park & Ride Rail Platform	1,000	217	500	(500)	22%	50%
PL09	Highways infrastructure - bridge investment	2,490	809	985	(1,505)	32%	40%
PL09A	Highways infrastructure - Cumberland Road Stabilisation Scheme	6,075	2,821	4,800	(1,275)	46%	79%
PL10	Highways & Traffic Infrastructure - General	12,588	5,795	10,453	(2,134)	46%	83%
PL10B	Highways & Traffic - Street Lighting	579	319	379	(200)	55%	65%
PL10C	Transport Parking Services	1,357	1,211	1,357	0	89%	100%
PL11A	Cattle Market Road site re-development	500	159	200	(300)	32%	40%
PL14	Bristol Legible City Scheme	162	62	162	0	38%	100%

PL15	Environmental Improvements Programme	179	122	159	(20)	68%	89%
PL17	Resilience Fund (£1m of the £10m Port Sale)	47	1	47	0	3%	100%
PL18	Energy services - Renewable energy investment scheme	10,418	2,522	10,067	(350)	24%	97%
PL18A	Energy Services – Bristol Heat Networks expansion	7,605	5,560	6,605	(1,000)	73%	87%
PL18B	Energy Services - School Efficiencies	341	196	262	(79)	57%	77%
PL18D	Energy Services - EU Replicate Grant	(154)	1	(154)	0	-1%	100%
PL20	Strategic Property	270	157	230	(40)	58%	85%
PL22	Strategic Property - Investment in existing waste facilities	469	0	469	0	0%	100%
PL23	Strategic Property - Temple St	341	16	142	(199)	5%	42%
PL24	Bristol Beacon	28,478	20,114	28,478	0	71%	100%
PL26	Old Vic & St George's	0	0	0	0		
PL30	Housing Delivery Programme	15,804	3,843	8,772	(7,032)	24%	56%
PL30A	Housing Programme delivered through Housing Company	18,172	0	18,172	0	0%	100%
PL32	Western Harbour Design Development	180	0	180	0	0%	100%
PL34	Strategic property - Community investment scheme	1,150	0	300	(850)	0%	26%
PL35	Harbour Operational Infrastructure	132	47	88	(44)	35%	67%
PL36	Investment in Markets Infrastructure & buildings	387	(10)	387	0	-3%	100%
Total Growth & Regeneration		151,856	55,106	121,927	(29,928)	36%	80%

Key Messages

The current report shows **£55.1m** YTD (£8.7m in P8) spend against the revised budget of **£121.9m**, and a forecast underspend of **£30m**. To achieve the forecast for 2021/22, the directorate will need to increase the average spend per month by an additional **£8m** to an average of **£16.7m** (excluding HRA) each month for the rest of the year. Services have submitted a revised budget profile during the P8 monitoring cycles to revise down the current year forecast as well as reflect a realistic programme for future years (although this still leaves an ambitious programme for the rest of 21/22). The newly procured Strategic Partner are also being tasked with coming forward with proposals to help deliver the Capital programme at pace in line with their mandate.